UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

ELECTRONICALLY FILED DOC #: **DATE FILED:** 8/25/2022

MARGARITO HERNANDEZ SANTOS, on behalf of himself, FLSA Collective Plaintiffs, and the

class.

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 1:22-cv-00899

-against-

NUVE MIGUEL CORP. d/b/a KEY FOODS, LUIS H. URGILES, KLEVER URGILES, and ANA URGILES,

Defendants

ORDER (1) CONDITIONALLY CERTIFYING SETTLEMENT CLASS AND COLLECTIVE ACTION ONLY FOR PURPOSES OF SETTLEMENT, (2) GRANTING PRELIMINARY APPROVAL TO PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND PLAN OF ALLOCATION, (3) DIRECTING DISSEMINATION OF NOTICE AND RELATED MATERIAL TO THE CLASS, AND (4) SETTING DATE FOR FAIRNESS HEARING AND RELATED DATES

After participating in a private mediation session, and despite their adversarial positions in the instant action, Named Plaintiff Margarito Hernandez Santos (hereinafter, "Plaintiff") and Defendants Nuve Miguel Corp. d/b/a Key Foods, Luis H. Urgiles, Klever Urgiles, and Ana Urgiles (collectively, "Defendants", and with Plaintiff, the "Parties") negotiated a settlement of all claims in the instant action along with wage claims (collectively, the "Litigations"). The terms of the proposed settlement ("Settlement") are set forth in the Class Settlement Agreement ("Settlement Agreement").

On June 3, 2022, Plaintiff filed a Notice of Motion for an Order (1) Conditionally Certifying Settlement Class, (2) Granting Preliminary Approval to Proposed Class Action Settlement and Plan of Allocation, (3) Directing Dissemination of Notice and Related Material to the Class, and (4) Setting Date For Fairness Hearing and Related Dates ("Motion"). In his Motion, Plaintiff requested that, for settlement purposes only, this Court conditionally certify a class under

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 and a collective action under Section 16(b) of the Fair Labor Standards Act. Plaintiff also requested that the Court grant preliminary approval to the Settlement, including the plan of allocation in that Agreement, and that the Court approve a proposed Notice of Proposed Settlement of Class Action Lawsuit and Fairness Hearing ("Class Notice," attached as **Exhibit B** to the Lee Affidavit). Having reviewed the Settlement Agreement and Motion, along with the Parties' prior submissions in this matter, the Court now FINDS, CONCLUDES, AND ORDERS as follows:

I. Background

In this instant action, *Santos v. Nuve Miguel Corp. et al.*, 1:22-cv-00899, Plaintiff has alleged that Defendants willfully filed fraudulent information returns with the IRS, in violation of 26 U.S.C. § 7434, and that Defendants breached their contract with Plaintiff by failing to pay employer payroll taxes for Plaintiff and class members, as required by the Federal Insurance Contribution Act ("FICA").

In this settlement, Plaintiff will also release claims under the Fair Labor Standards Act as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§201 *et. seq.* ("FLSA") and the New York Labor Law ("NYLL"), and asserted in a separate action in this District, 21-cv-1335, alleging, inter alia, that Defendants failed to pay him and Class Members their proper wages, due to Defendants' improper policy of time-shaving and failed to pay the proper spread of hours premium. Plaintiff further allege that Defendants failed to meet the NYLL's requirements on wage statements and notices.

Defendants have disputed, and continue to dispute, Plaintiff's allegations, and Defendants deny any liability for any of the claims that have or could have been alleged by Plaintiff or the persons that they seek to represent.

II. <u>Definition Of The Settlement Class</u>

The Parties have entered into the Settlement Agreement solely for the purposes of compromising and settling their disputes in both lawsuits. As part of the Settlement, Defendants have agreed not to oppose, for settlement purposes only, conditional certification under Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 23(a) and 23(b)(3) and 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) of the following settlement class (the "Class"):

Named Plaintiff and hourly non-supervisory and non-exempt employees employed by Defendants for the time period between February 16, 2015 and May 16, 2022, who do not opt-out of the Litigation.

III. Designation Of The Class As An FLSA Collective Action

The Court finds that the members of the Class are similarly situated within the meaning of Section 16(b) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), for purposes of determining whether the terms of settlement are fair. Accordingly, the Court conditionally certifies the Class as an FLSA collective action. The Court authorizes the Notice (attached as **Exhibit B** to the Lee Affidavit) to be mailed to potential members of the FLSA collective action, notifying them of the pendency of the FLSA claim, and of their ability to join the lawsuit.

Members of the Class who endorse, deposit or cash their Settlement Checks in this matter will release Releasees from all Released Claims, including all claims under 26 U.S.C. Section 7473, i.e., False Filing Claim, and the Federal Insurance Contribution Act, i.e., FICA, all wage and hour claims under the Fair Labor Standards Act, the New York Labor Law and/or any other applicable wage and hour law, rule, or regulation brought or which could have been brought in the Litigations.

IV. Rule 23 Certification of the Class

Preliminary settlement approval, provisional class certification, and appointment of class counsel have several practical purposes, including avoiding the costs of litigating class status while facilitating a global settlement, ensuring all Class members are notified of the terms of the proposed Agreement, and setting the date and time of the final approval hearing. See In re Gen. Motors Corp. Pick-Up Truck Fuel Tank Prods. Liab. Litig., 55 F.3d 768, 790-92 (3d Cir. 1995) (noting practical purposes of provisionally certifying settlement class); Almonte v. Marina Ice Cream Corp., No. 1:16-CV-00660 (GBD), 2016 WL 7217258, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 8, 2016) (conditionally certifying wage and hour settlement class and granting preliminary approval); Clem v. Keybank, N.A., No. 13 CIV. 789 JCF, 2014 WL 1265909, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 27, 2014) (same). In examining potential conditional certification of the Class, the Court has considered: (1) the allegations, information, arguments and authorities cited in the Motion for Preliminary Approval and supporting memorandum and declarations; (2) the allegations, information, arguments and authorities provided by the Parties in connection with the pleadings and motion filed in this case; (3) information, arguments, and authorities provided by the Parties in conferences and arguments before this Court; (4) Defendants' conditional Settlement agreement, for settlement purposes only, not to oppose conditional certification of the Class; (5) the terms of the Settlement Agreement, including, but not limited to, the definition of the Class; and (6) the elimination of the need, on account of the Settlement, for the Court to consider any trial manageability issues that might otherwise bear on the propriety of class certification. The parties have provided the Court with information "sufficient to enable it to determine whether to give notice of the proposal to the class." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e)(1). Notice to class members who would be bound by the Settlement is justified by the parties' showing "that the [C]ourt will likely be able to: (i) approve the proposal

under Rule 23(e)(2); and (ii) certify the class for purposes of judgment on the proposal." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e)(1)(B).

This Court finds (exclusively for the present purposes of evaluating the Settlement) that Plaintiff meets all the requirements for class certification under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a) and (b)(3). As required under Rule 23(a), Plaintiff has demonstrated that the Class is sufficiently numerous, that there are common issues across the Class, that the Plaintiff's claims are typical of the Class, and that the Plaintiff and his attorneys would be effective as Class Representative and Class counsel, respectively. The Court also finds that the common issues identified by Plaintiff predominate over any individual issues in the Litigations such that class action is superior in this context to other modes of litigating this dispute. Because the class certification request is made in the context of settlement only, the Court need not address the issue of manageability. The Court therefore concludes that the purported Class satisfies the elements of Rule 23(b)(3). Accordingly, pursuant to Rule 23(c) and (e), the court certifies this Class for the purposes of settlement, notice, and award distribution only.

Should this Settlement not receive final approval, be overturned on appeal, or otherwise not reach completion, the Class and collective certification granted above shall be dissolved immediately upon notice to the Plaintiff and Defendants, and this certification shall have no further effect in this case or in any other case. Plaintiff will retain the right to seek class and collective certification in the course of litigation, and Defendants will retain the right to oppose class and collective certification. Neither the fact of this certification for settlement purposes only, nor the findings made herein, may be used to support or oppose any Party's position as to any future class or collective certification decision in this case, nor shall they otherwise have any impact on such future decision.

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V. Appointment Of Class Representative, Class Counsel, And Claims Administrator

Named Plaintiff Margarito Hernandez Santos is appointed as the representative of the Class, both under Rule 23 and under 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

C.K. Lee, Esq. of Lee Litigation Group, PLLC is appointed as class counsel for the Class ("Class Counsel").

Arden Claims Service LLC is appointed as Claims Administrator.

VI. Disposition Of Settlement Class If Settlement Agreement Does Not Become Effective

If, for any reason, the Settlement Agreement ultimately does not become effective, Defendants' agreement not to oppose conditional certification of the Class shall be null and void in its entirety; this Order conditionally certifying the Class shall be vacated; the Parties shall return to their respective positions in this lawsuit as those positions existed immediately before the Parties executed the Settlement Agreement; and nothing stated in the Settlement Agreement, the Motion, this Order, or in any attachments to the foregoing documents shall be deemed an admission of any kind by any of the Parties or used as evidence against, or over the objection of, any of the Parties for any purpose in this action or in any other action. In particular, the Class certified for purposes of settlement shall be decertified, and Defendants will retain the right to contest whether this case should be maintained as a class action or collective action and to contest the merits of the claims being asserted by Plaintiff.

Preliminary Approval Of The Terms Of The Settlement Agreement, Including The VII. **Proposed Plan Of Allocation**

The Court has reviewed the terms of the Settlement Agreement and the description of the Settlement in the Motion papers. Based on that review, the Court concludes that the Settlement is within the range of possible Settlement approval such that notice to the Class is appropriate.

The Court has also read and considered the declaration of Class Counsel in support of preliminary approval. Based on review of that declaration, the Court concludes that the Settlement was negotiated at arm's length and is not collusive. The Court further finds that Class Counsel were fully informed about the strengths and weaknesses of the Class's case when they entered into the Settlement Agreement.

As to the proposed plan of allocation, the Court finds that the proposed plan is rationally related to the relative strengths and weaknesses of the respective claims asserted. The proposed plan of allocation is also within the range of possible approval such that notice to the Class is appropriate.

Accordingly, the Court hereby grants preliminary approval to the Settlement Agreement and the Plan of Allocation.

VIII. Approval Of The Form And Manner Of Distributing Class Notice and Opt-Out **Statement**

Plaintiff has also submitted for this Court's approval a proposed Class Notice. The proposed Class Notice appears to be the best notice practical under the circumstances and appears to allow the Class Members a full and fair opportunity to consider the Parties' proposed Settlement and develop a response. The proposed plan for distributing the Class Notice appears to be a reasonable method calculated to reach all Class Members who would be bound by the settlement.

The Class Notice fairly, plainly, accurately, and reasonably informs Class Members of: (1) appropriate information about the nature of this litigation, the settlement class at issue, the identity of Class Counsel, and the essential terms of the Settlement Agreement and Settlement; (2) appropriate information about Class Counsel's forthcoming application for attorneys' fees and other payments that will be deducted from the settlement fund; (3) appropriate information about how to participate in the Settlement; (4) appropriate information about this Court's procedures for

final approval of the Settlement Agreement and Settlement; (5) appropriate information about how to challenge or opt-out of the Settlement, if they wish to do so; (6) appropriate information about how to notify the Claims Administrator of any address changes; and (7) appropriate instructions as to how to obtain additional information regarding this litigation, the Settlement Agreement, and the Settlement.

The Court, having reviewed the proposed Class Notice, finds and concludes that the proposed plan for distributing the same will provide the best notice practicable, satisfies the notice requirements of Rule 23(e), and satisfies all other legal and due process requirements. Accordingly, the Court hereby Orders as follows:

- 1. The form and manner of distributing the proposed Class Notice are hereby approved.
- 2. Promptly following the entry of this Order, the Claims Administrator shall prepare final versions of the Class Notice, incorporating into the Class Notice the relevant dates and deadlines set forth in this Order.
- 3. Defendants will make all reasonable efforts to ensure that the Claims Administrator receives, within fourteen (14) calendar days of the entry of the Preliminary Approval Order by the Court, the Class Member List specified in the Settlement Agreement.
- 4. Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of entry of this Order, the Claims Administrator shall mail, via First Class United States Mail, postage prepaid, the final version of the Class Notice using each Class Member's last known address. The Claims Administrator shall take reasonable steps to obtain the correct address of any Class Member for whom the notice is returned by the post office as undeliverable and otherwise to provide the Class Notice. The Claims Administrator will attempt re-mailing to Class Members for whom the mailing is returned as

undeliverable. The Claims Administrator shall notify Class Counsel and Defendants' Counsel of any mail sent to Class Members that is returned as undeliverable after the first mailing, as well as any such mail returned as undeliverable after the subsequent mailing.

5. The Claims Administrator shall take all other actions in furtherance of claims administration as are specified in the Settlement Agreement.

IX. Procedures For Final Approval Of The Settlement

A. Fairness Hearing

The Court hereby schedules, for **February 27, 2023**, at the hour of **2:00 p.m.**, in Courtroom 18D, 500 Pearl Street, New York, NY 10007, a hearing to determine whether to grant final certification of the Settlement Class, and the FLSA collective action, and final approval of the Settlement Agreement and the Plan of Allocation (the "Fairness Hearing"). At the Fairness Hearing, the Court also will consider any petition that may be filed for the payment of attorneys' fees and costs/expenses to Class Counsel, and any service payments to be made to the Plaintiff. Class Counsel shall file their petition for an award of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of costs/expenses and the petition for an award of service payments no later than 15 days prior to the Fairness Hearing.

B. Deadline To Request Exclusion From The Settlement

Class Members who wish to be excluded from the Settlement must submit a written and signed request to opt out to the Claims Administrator ("Opt-Out Statement"). To be effective, such Opt-Out Statements must be delivered to the Claims Administrator and postmarked by a date certain to be specified on the Notice, which will be sixty (60) calendar days after the Claims Administrator makes the initial mailing of the notice.

The Claims Administrator shall stamp the postmark date of the Opt-Out Statement on the original of each Opt-Out Statement that it receives and shall serve copies of each Statement on

Class Counsel and Defendant's Counsel by email not later than three (3) days after receipt thereof. The Claims Administrator also shall, within fourteen (14) days after the end of the Opt-Out Period, provide Class Counsel and Defendants' Counsel a final list of all Class Members who mailed Optout Statements. The Claims Administrator shall retain the stamped originals of all Opt-Out Statements and originals of all envelopes accompanying Opt-Out Statements in its files until such

time as the Claims Administrator is relieved of its duties and responsibilities under this Agreement.

C. **Deadline For Filing Objections To Settlement**

Class Members who wish to present objections to the proposed settlement at the Fairness Hearing must first do so in writing. To be considered, a written objection must be mailed to the Claims Administrator via First Class United States Mail, postage prepaid, and be received by the Claims Administrator by a date that is not more than sixty (60) days from the mailing of the Notice to the Class Member.

The Claims Administrator will stamp the date received on the original and send copies of each objection to Class Counsel and Defense Counsel by e-mail no later than three (3) days after receipt.

D. **Deadline For Filing Motion For Judgment And Final Approval**

No later than fifteen (15) days before the Fairness Hearing, Plaintiff will submit a Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement Agreement.

New York, New York August 25, 2022

SO ORDERED:

ROBERT W. LEHRBURGER UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE